

Compound Inequalities

Goal: To solve compound Inequalities

Sets

① set - a collection of objects

② Union - collection of all elements in two ^{given} sets.

$$A \cup B \rightarrow \underbrace{A \cup B}_{A \text{ union } B}$$

③ Intersection - the intersection of two sets, A and B, contains all the elements common to both A and B.

$$\underbrace{A \cap B}_{A \text{ intersect } B}$$

(ex) Let $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$, $B = \{3, 4, 5\}$, and $C = \{6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

find

a) $A \cup B$
 $= \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

c) $A \cap C$
 \emptyset
 $\{\}$ } both represent the empty set

b) $A \cap B$

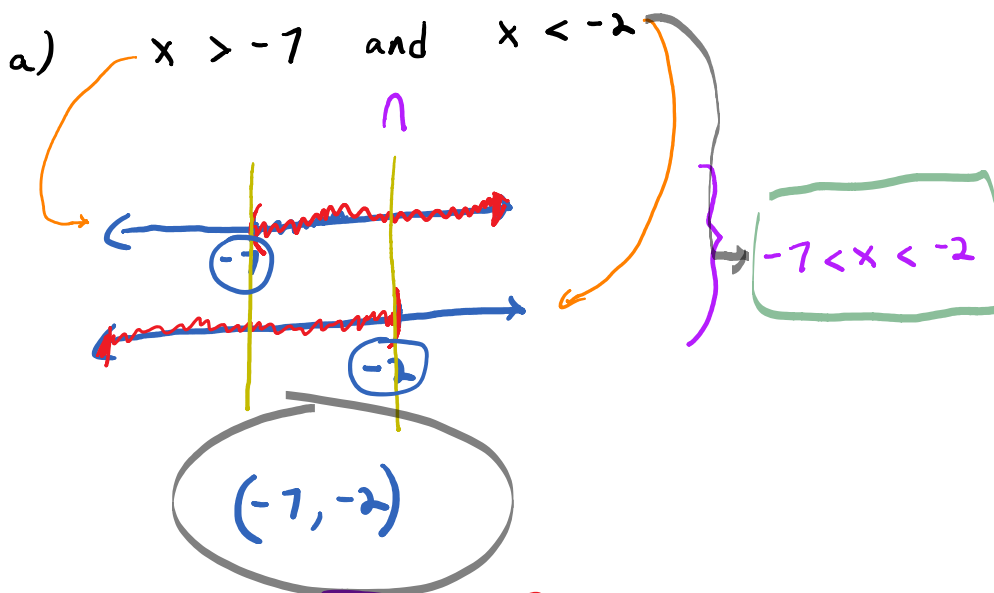
$$= \{3, 4\}$$

Key words

"and" means intersection \cap

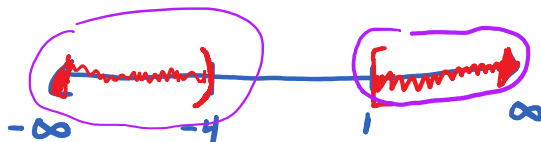
"or" means union \cup

ex) Compound Inequalities
Graph and write in interval notation



b) $z < -4$ or $z \geq 1$

\cup



$$(-\infty, -4) \cup [1, \infty)$$

ex solve

$$a) \quad 3 < 2t - 3 < 7$$

$+3 \qquad \qquad +3 \quad +3$

$$\frac{6}{2} < \frac{2t}{2} < \frac{10}{2}$$

$$3 < t < 5$$

$$(3, 5)$$

$$b) \quad \frac{2x-1}{3} > 4 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{3-2x}{3} \geq 5$$

$$\cancel{3} \cdot \frac{2x-1}{\cancel{3}} > \cancel{3} \cdot 4 \quad \text{or} \quad \cancel{3} \cdot \frac{3-2x}{\cancel{3}} \geq \cancel{3} \cdot 5$$

$$2x-1 > 12 \quad \text{or} \quad 3-2x \geq 15$$

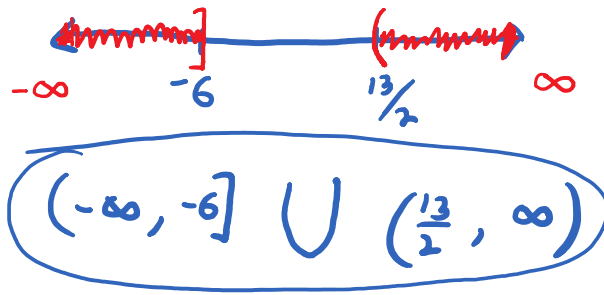
$$2x > 13$$

$$x > \frac{13}{2}$$

or
∪

$$3-2x \geq 15$$

$$x \leq -6$$



ex) $f(x) = (x+2)$, $g(x) = 5$. Find all x

such that $f(x) \geq g(x)$

$$x+2 \geq 5$$

$$x \geq 3$$

$$[3, \infty)$$